'n Ander mening

▶ The Star (10/2) oor 'n nuwe wet se DNS-bydrae tot forenslese misdaadondersoeke: Skin cells, hair, blood and saliva are just some of the biological sources of DNA that crime scene investigators rely on. It is almost impossible for perpetrators not to leave some of their cells behind at a crime scene – small amounts of biological evidence, such as a few cells, contain enough DNA to obtain a person's forensic DNA profile.

Which is why the Criminal Law (Forensic Procedures) Amendment Act No. 37 of 2013, which President Jacob Zuma signed into law on January 31, is such a groundbreaking development.

1 of 1 11/02/2015 09:46